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Descriptive Catalogue
OF CHOICE
STRAWBERRY PLANTS, &c.

NORWOOD

BASIL PERRY
COOL SPRING DELAWARE
Friends and Patrons.

In presenting herewith my new Catalogue I wish to express the desire that it will fill the purpose for which it has been written, viz., in assisting you to make a selection of plants, etc., which will give entire satisfaction and at the same time will be a credit to my business. It will show you a line of goods that will always be appreciated by every one and not being expensive will be within the reach of all.

My aim has always been and always will be to give entire satisfaction to all of my customers.

I have placed in my list the best varieties of strawberries. Those possessing the greatest points of merit and the least faults for the home garden or the commercial grower. I believe no better varieties or plants could be selected. My interest with you does not end when I sell you plants. I want them to grow, do well and make you money. Sussex County, where I live, grows and ships more strawberries than any other county in the U.S., and it is said by the best authorities that plants are better when grown in a section where strawberries do well. There are stations in my county where from thirty to thirty-five refrigerator cars are loaded in a single day.

Have I testimonials? Yes, lots of them, and could fill page after page but it would look then more like a Patent Medicine Almanac than a Plant Catalogue. Later I will give you a few personal letters from people who have bought plants of me. I have reserved no pages for hot air. You must receive good goods and fair treatment if I expect your trade. My object first, last, and all the time, is once a customer always a customer.

If you believe the plants you plant cut any figure in the results, if you think the best is the cheapest in the end, and if you want to be sure of getting the variety you buy in the condition to make the most for yourself I ask you to investigate the plants I grow. I don’t claim to sell plants cheaper than anybody else. I am not competing with the man whose stock has nothing but cheapness to recommend it, and it is not to your interest to buy that kind. My claim is that I am producing the best, strongest, most vigorous and most prolific plants that can be grown in a well favored climate and that I am selling them at a reasonable price. Is this the kind you are looking for? If so, may I have your orders? We have a clean certificate; no plant disease or injurious insects such as Aphis, Strawberry Weevil, Grubs and so forth, found on our premises. Our plants are well fed, strong, vigorous, healthy. Just the kind you want to build a foundation for a successful crop. I am anxious to serve you and have the stock and facilities for doing so. Let your order come.

With many thanks to those who have given me such a liberal patronage in the past, and assuring them that I shall ever strive to merit a continuance of their patronage and good will. I beg to remain, yours for fair and honest dealings.

Basil Perry.

P.S.—As to my reliability I refer you to the Postmaster and Express Agent here at Coolspring, and to the Sussex Trust, Title and Safe Deposit Co., Lewes, Del.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir; The strawberry plants I bought of you last spring did fine. It was very dry but I did not lose a plant and the runners went across the rows four feet apart. I think I will want more next spring.

Respectfully yours,

David A. Reed, Maine.
After Reading The Strawberry Descriptions

I BEG YOUR ATTENTION LONG ENOUGH TO READ THE FOLLOWING.

You will no doubt say that my descriptions read very much as if they were flavored with the same extract and that a Compound of adjectives in the superlative degree.

I know that the catalogue writer is severely criticised at the Farmer’s Institutes, Horticultural meetings and elsewhere and in some cases no doubt, justly so, but did you ever ask the critic if he could write a better catalogue than the one he is criticizing, did you ever stop to consider that if he could, he would be able to command a salary considerably in advance of what he is earning at present. Now as to the strawberry descriptions contained in this pamphlet there are no doubt a great many superlative adjectives used, and practically all these varieties have proven the best, the largest, the most productive, the best flavored, the firmest, the earliest, or the latest, as the case may be with some one. Some one of them will prove the best with you, but not all of them, and the one that proves to be your best will most likely not be the best for your neighbor, and the one that does the best for me may not be a favorite of either you or your neighbor. There are so many things to be considered; Mr. A may have a low black, loamy soil, Mr. B a medium clay soil, and Mr. C a light sandy soil. Mr. A may be growing for a local market where large size and good quality are the most essential features. Mr. B may be growing for a distant market where firmness and keeping qualities count for more than large size and good quality, while Mr. C may be growing for the home table only, and with him quality is the most desirable feature. All three may be growing for the same purposes and yet the same berry would most likely not be the best for each of them on their different soils. Almost every grower has a different mode of culture. As to what variety will do best for you must in a large measure be determined by yourself. I do not want you to think for a moment that I guarantee the description, either those that I give myself or those I quote from other growers, to always fit the varieties as you will find them, because a change of location, a change of soil or a change in cultivation and fertilization makes so much difference and has such a different effect on the different varieties that to do so would be impossible. The descriptions given are to help you all we can to select what would suit you best. The information given is the best I can get from my own observation and that of other experienced growers, and it is the same that determines my own operations. No variety is a best with every one, and almost every variety is best somewhere with some one. This is why we carry such a long list. Were I growing for fruit only I should not plant over six to eight varieties except in my test plot. Every progressive grower should set apart a row or two in his patch every year and plant 12 to 50 plants each of several kinds that you have not already fruited. You will find it very interesting, and you are likely to find something that just suits you for larger plantings.

Now friends I have tried to be candid and square with you and I hope you approve of my course. If so, I should appreciate very much to do business with you and supply your wants in my line. Those who have been dealing with me know what kind of plants I send out, and you who have not dealt with me, I want you to give me your order this year and let me prove to you that no better plants are to be had anywhere at any price. I shall not expect you to continue to buy from me unless I can show you that it is to your interest to do so. Try it and see for yourself if we are not mutually benefited.

With best wishes and many thanks to those who have given me such liberal patronage in the past, and especially, for the large increase in business given me last year, and promising you that I will always try to merit your confidence and good will, I remain,

Yours very truly,

BASIL PERRY.
The Chesapeake

CHESAPEAKE.—This is the variety that won the hundred dollars in gold offered by Mr. Allen in 1903 for the best variety sent him. I fruited it last season and it was one of the finest varieties that I had. The plants are good growers, though not making as many plants as some varieties, but are large, with tall, heavy foliage. It ripened in late mid-season, was very productive, fruit large, of uniform size and shape, and one of the finest quality. I advise ordering plants of this early as the supply is limited and there will be heavy demand for them this spring. Mr. Allen says:—This variety is as late as Gandy, more productive on lighter soils and equal to it in size; its shipping quality far excels that popular standard variety; in eating quality it ranks among the best equaling such varieties as William Belt, Brunette, and others of that class. Therefore, in the Chesapeake we have attained to a greater degree, than in any other variety, three of the strongest points that go to make up a valuable commercial variety—these are firmness, quality and lateness. The plant is a strong upright grower with thick, leathery and very dark green foliage, almost round and entirely free from rust. The fruit stalks are upright and unusually strong, holding almost the entire crop from the ground. I believe it will be one of the most popular late varieties ever sent out.
DICKEY.—With one season's fruiting I was much pleased with this. The fruit was very large, bright glossy red, firm, of fine flavor and one of the very productive ones. The plants are among the most beautiful; fine growers on any soil and with tall bright glossy green foliage, without rust or blight on any soil. In a very dry season like last it made fine plant beds here. It is from the introducer of the Sample who says: It is a better berry than Sample; it is as large and productive and very firm; colors all over at once: no green tips; very fancy. Sold last season 12 to 14 cents per quart by the crate, when Sample from the same field brought only 10 and 11 cents. I have been growing strawberries for forty years and I thought I had seen strawberries before, but I have never seen a finer thing in the berry line in my life. The Dickey is a long season berry and they are the ones that throw out the big crops. Last season they commenced to ripen the middle of June, and July 18th Mr Cowing picked five crates of fine fruit.

FENDALL.—This berry was received from the originator, Charles D. Fendall, of Baltimore Co., Md.' spring of 1909, and I have not yet had the opportunity of seeing it in fruit. The plants have made an exceptionally fine growth with strong, healthy foliage, which has made ample beds of vigorous, large plants. Mr. Fendall describes it as follows: "The plant is strong and vigorous, clean and healthy, growing at least two inches higher than any other variety I have in my garden. The foliage is a beautiful light green, easily distinguished from other varieties, and has not yet shown the slightest weakness in any respect. The berries are as large, if not larger than any other variety, and unlike most large varieties, in that they are of delicious flavor. In length of season it is certainly remarkable. In 1906 I picked berries from it on the 25th of May and the last on the 4th of July. In 1906 it yielded at the rate of 16,800 quarts per acre. It throws out a great many runners, which root splendidly in a very short time; in fact, the roots of this variety excel anything I have ever seen in the strawberry line. The berries are perfect beauties, rich in color, smooth and glossy, with long stems and very large cap. The plant and fruit are bound to command attention wherever seen. More than fifty gentlemen have visited my garden during the season and all express their greatest astonishment at the wonderful productiveness, size and flavor of this wonderful berry."

PAUL JONES.—Plants of this were secured from the introducer last spring and of all the new varieties I received none were larger, or finer than these, and they have made a splendid growth. The few plants I let bear were loaded with fine fruit of good quality, and it has every mark of a fine variety. The following is from the introducer:—Paul Jones is a pistiflate variety, seedling of Haverland, crossed with Brandywine. It was originated by W. H. Johnson, of Massachusetts, about ten years ago, and has been thoroughly tested in different soils with all kinds of culture. It has never been found wanting. It is wonderfully productive of wonderfully beautiful berries on wonderfully healthy plants, and most wonderful of all, it will keep a week, and be just as handsome at the end of the week as when picked. Appearance. When to its large size and pleasing grace and beauty of its form is added its intense brilliancy of coloring, the glistening glossiness of its seemingly varnished surface, and the delicious fragrance of aroma, an effect is produced that is irresistible, and one we have never seen equaled in any other variety. (Originator of Paul Jones.)

One of the chief points of value of the Paul Jones is its shipping qualities, which are truly remarkable. Berries kept a week in a common house cellar were exhibited at the Worcester County Horticultural Society Exhibit by the side of fresh picked fruit and the only difference in appearance was the added richness in coloring of the week-old berries. Three times it has taken first premium at these exhibits. It is
fully as productive as Haverland or Sample, which is all that is necessary to say. Last year out of fifty or more varieties, the Paul Jones rows, with their clean, healthy foliage, could be distinguished from all the rest, as far as one could see the rows. It does well in matted rows or hill culture, in all kinds of soil. It makes an abundance of strong, healthy runners that root readily. Though not as highly flavored as some varieties, it is very sweet and remarkably tender, very meaty, but not a solid bullet, like most of the good shipping berries.

Mr. Lockwood Myric, of N. J., says of Paul Jones, after thoroughly testing it: The conclusion that I have reached is that Paul Jones is the most valuable of any tested. I judge it belongs to the class that succeeds everywhere a universal berry.

THREE W’S.—Three W’s originated with W. W. Wallace & Sons, of Roanoke Co., Tenn. Three W’s is a chance seedling found in 1901 growing wild on right-of-way of the railway. The first fifteen plants which were found were transplanted into a garden and produced 600 plants the first year. In 1902 the original fifteen plants produced one quart of berries to the plant and the 600 plants produced 25,000 plants. In 1904 the Three W’s won highest prize at the World’s Fair and made a record for keeping ten days. In 1905 it stood the freezing of April 15th and 16th, and made a big crop of large red berries, while other standard varieties made about 25 per cent of a crop. This berry is a chance seedling and possesses many points of excellence. The foliage is beautiful, clean and healthy, dark green in color, and very attractive. I consider it a promising variety. Fruit is uniformly large, fine quality and very productive, covering a long season from medium early to late. It is quite
firm and has a wonderful keeping quality. Berries picked Monday and shipped 500 miles to the St. Louis Exposition were placed on plates Wednesday morning. Late Friday evening out of 11 plates only seven berries could be found that were not in good condition. Part of these berries were on exhibition until the following Thursday. The past season has been quite dry here, but notwithstanding this the Three W's have made an excellent bed at least two feet across. The plants are very large and stalkly and look as though they could bear an enormous crop. Mr. Wallace claims that he has a trade-mark on the name Three W's and has been trying to collect royalty from all who are selling plants. I wish to say that I knew nothing of this until after I had the plants growing, and my plants were received from a reliable grower in New York State, without any restrictions of any kind whatever. Quite a number have written me that they had received threatening letters from Mr. Wallace that they must either not sell the plants of this variety or pay him royalty. I will simply say that if Mr. Wallace will investigate the matter he will see that there has never been, and is not now, no law prohibiting the sale of your own products which are produced and multiplied by nature. There have been several such cases tried out and the verdict has always been that you could not trade-mark, copyright or patent anything that was produced by nature and not manufactured by man. We have an excellent stock of plants.

NORWOOD.—This is claimed by the introducer to be the largest strawberry, four berries filling a quart. We have not seen the berry, but if size of plants is an index to size of berry this claim is all right as the plants are simply enormous. These very large plants do not turn out very fast and the supply is limited for this year, but every one wants to see and try the largest berry out, so here is your chance.

Originator. Mr. N. B. White's description given out in 1908: "The Norwood Strawberry was named and given the first prize by the Massachusetts Horticultural Society at the exhibition of 1906. This strawberry is supposed to be a cross between the Marshall and Corsican, as it came up where the Marshall had been grown and near where the Corsican was grown at the same time. "The Norwood is believed to be the best all around strawberry in existence. The plant is strong and healthy, making a liberal number of runners, but not excessive. The berry is conic and regular in shape; not a cockscombed berry was found this season. The quality is unsurpassed and the size unequalled, some attaining the enormous size of three inches in diameter. Four such strawberries would fill a box and be crowded. Color, bright red all the way through, growing darker with age, is firm, a good keeper, and will ship well. Has a perfect blossom and holds its size well through the season and remains in bearing a long time. Picked the first box June 18th and the last one July 18th. The largest berries were found in matted rows or beds although the plants had received no extra culture." Plants of the Norwood were sold in 1908 for $10 per dozen. See illustration on front of Cover page.

MYER.—This berry was found by Mr. Harvey Myer growing among several other kinds, but of unknown origin. The berries were so striking that he has propagated and grown it for market for four years past. The berry has attracted great attention around Bridgeville where it is known as Myer No. 1. We saw the berries selling in Bridgeville market on the day that 50 cars were loaded the spring of 1907. Myer brought 14¾ cents per quart at auction when the best Superior (the favorite of Bridgeville market) were bringing only 10 and 11 cents. Mr. Myer has shown us his salesbook showing that throughout the season, even along with fine Gandy, he received 2 to 4 cents more per quart for his Myer berries. The variety is very distinct in several particulars. The bloom is imperfect, but the blossoms appear in
abundance and continue to show in large numbers after the vines are red with ripe berries. The contrast of clear white blossoms, deep green leaves and brilliant red fruit is most striking and beautiful, and such as we have never seen in any other strawberry. The berries begin to ripen with the Parson and last as long as any other kind, always bringing the top price. That this is an extraordinary variety is fully proved by the following telegram from a Buffalo commission house to their buyer at Seaford and Bridgeville:

A. E. MAKELY, Seaford, Del., 8.40 A. M.
Car sold. Mostly ten to eleven. Myers lot fourteen and fifteen. Get ready ship fancy car Saturday morning.

Three years ago Mr. Myer sold 100,000 plants at $10 per 1000 with an agreement to refund the money if the growers were not perfectly satisfied at fruiting time and no one asked their mony returned.

HUNDRED DOLLAR.—The plants are very large, bright glossy green and so vigorous that they mature all their fruit which is of the very largest size deep red and of fine quality.

BUBACH.—This berry has been thoroughly described year after year, but for the benefit of those who have not grown them we would say that the fruit is of the largest size, oft times coxcombed. It is not at all unusual to find berries of this variety weighing an ounce to an ounce and a quarter. It will do fairly well under poor cultivation but responds freely to good food. The plant is perfect having dark foliage: very stout crown; a prolific grower and only sets enough plants to give good sized berries; season medium.

BOUNTIFUL.—This is a very promising berry said to be a seedling of the Glen Mary and is considered its superior by the originator. Perfect in bloom; early midseason, plant very vigorous, good yielder, fruit very large and holds its size well. Firm attractive and of good flavor.

OREM.—This is a late variety of the same type as, and in our opinion, the superior of the Gandy. It is a very vigorous and healthy plant; the fruit is handsome, a deep red in color with a showy cap and has obtained quite a reputation.

CORSICAN.—Tois grand berry was first called Big Berry. It is not only a big berry but such a sweet rich fruit as to entitle it to a place in the first rank among the best strawberries for table use. Corsican gains friends every year both for home use and for market. It is of bright rich color and large size and in high quality. It has few if any equals. Not so heavy a bearer as some other sorts but always to be depended on for a good crop of extra fine berries.

BUSTER.—During the spring of 1906, when nearly every other variety of strawberries were killed by a late May frost, the Buster gave us a full crop. It is very vigorous and healthy, having a luxuriant dark green foliage that defies a reasonable amount of dry weather. The fruit holds up large through its long season. This is a good reliable variety that I advise my patrons to plant. It will please you from the time it starts to grow after you set the plants until you have harvested your crop. The Buster is one of the good things that seems to have been overlooked by a great majority of growers. It is a cross between Bubach and Sharpless, of large size, bright red in color, moderately firm, medium quality and medium to late in ripening. The blossoms are pistillate, but extremely hardy. I especially recommend this berry to those who admire the Bubach, but want a stronger growing plant.
PAN AMERICAN. (Per)—This variety is an ever-bearing sort from the old Bis-
mark strawberry. It bears a full crop in the spring and continues to bear
berries all summer and in the fall up to the time of hard freezing. Its fall
bearing proclivities are accentuated by removing or cutting off the blossoms
in the spring and summer, until up to one month from the time you wish
them to bear fruit. It is really the most interesting novelty there is among
strawberries. It is not a great plant producer, it does well. if on ordinary
soil. New plants are made by dividing the old ones each spring, besides
the few produced from runners. It bears a good crop of fruit in the autumn
and is persistent about it, inclining to bear itself to death unless restricted.
It always attracts great attention and
the demand for plants is increasing every year in spite of the almost prohibitive price.
Price four plants for 85c; twelve for $2.25; 100 for $15.00

NEW HOME.—This variety has always given me excellent results. I have made
more growing this variety for fruit than any variety that I have ever grown until I
got the Chesapeake. It is nearly as late as the Gandy, fruit bright red color that
does not lose its luster and turn dark after being picked a long time; uniformly large
size and the best shipping berry ever grown here. It makes a vigorous growth and
will produce a crop on much higher land than where Gandy will grow. The fruit is
so firm and keeping qualities so good it does not require picking more than three
times a week, and with me it has often made a thousand quarts per acre at a single
picking. Pickers are always anxious to pick these berries and I have had good pick-
ers that could pick 40 quarts an hour and some say they could do even better. One
peculiarity about the New Home I want to mention and that is that all through the
rows there are more or less very light colored or yellow leaves. This seems to be a
characteristic of the variety. I mention this because a great many have written
about it. Since introduced this berry has had some very flattering reports as to good
results, but it would not be fair on the other hand not to mention the fact that we
have had a great many complaints. While it has done exceptionally well here, there
seems to be many sections where it does not thrive. I can only say that if it does
for others as it has done for me you will find it one of the best varieties for shipping
purposes that you can grow, but since there seems to be so many places where it does
not do well, I would not advise you to plant large quantities of it until you have
seen it fruit on your own ground.

HIGHLAND.—One of M. Crawford’s latest introductions, and my plants were se-
cured from him last spring. Here the fruit on young plants was large and fine in
every way. The plants are good growers, not setting as closely as some, but are
large, with tall healthy foliage. It has been tested at the Ohio Experiment Station
for several years and their report of it for 1907 follows;—During the four years High-
land has been upon the Station grounds it has not failed to give very prolific crops.
It seems strong and persistent in all its admirable points. A quart maker of bright,
handsome berries of very acceptable quality.
HERITAGE.—My attention was called to this new berry, which hails from New Jersey last spring. There was so much good said of it that I bought plants, and while I have not seen the fruit, I am very much impressed with its good qualities. It is one of the healthiest and strongest growers that I have on the place. The berries are said to be uniformly large, beautiful in shape, as you can see by the illustration, splendid color and of delicious flavor. It is said to be solid enough for a market berry and makes a prodigious yield. The blossoms are staminate or perfect and the berries have a very large green cap, which adds to the appearance and market value. Mr. Frank Ames, of N. J., says "that he planted 10,000 plants of the Heritage in the spring of 1907 without knowing much about them. At picking time he went to the Heritage farm and saw the crop and says he was sorry he did not plant ten times as many." Mr. John S. Colline, the well known nurseryman of N. J., says he visited the Heritage strawberry when in fruit and saw several acres in bearing. He says he was much pleased, as the berries were very large, firm and of good quality, and considers the variety worthy of extensive cultivation. Many others speak in similar terms of the berry, and it is highly recommended by the Philadelphia commission men, the only city in which it has been marketed so far. Personally, I consider the variety very promising and it is one which I would not hesitate to plant to a considerable extent, even though I have not personally seen it in fruit. I advise all my customers to at least try a few.

CRIMSON CLUSTER.—In many sections this is the most popular late variety. At Ridgely, Md., one of the largest fruit sections in the country and where a specialty is made of fine berries many of the largest growers refuse to plant any late variety but this. It originated near an old bed of Gandy, in Md., and is supposed to be a seedling of it. The plants are very much like Gandy, but better plant makers, with larger, broader foliage, no sign of rust or any disease and do well on light soil. It will produce at least a third more fruit to the acre and is of the same shape, larger, is firm and the color is a beautiful glossy crimson, has a large green cap and continues much longer in bearing.

AUTUMN. (Imp.)—A fall bearing strawberry like the Pan American, but must be planted close by the Pan American as it is a pistillate and won't bear alone. It is better colored than Pan American and produces quite a few more plants from runners than that variety. It bears an immense crop in the spring, if blooms are not cut off.
OSWEGO.—I do not know the originator of the Oswego, but it was introduced by L. J. Farmer. It is supposed to be a seedling of the Bubach fertilized with Sharpless. It originated in an old family bed and attracted attention by its large size and ability to produce a large crop of berries under neglect. It was transferred to the family garden and grown there for years before it finally attracted the attention of commercial growers. The plants are large and vigorous, producing a sufficient number of young plants, while the old parent plants tend to bunch up much like the old Parker Earl. It is very distinct in growth. The berries are very large, bright crimson color and ripen about with the Sample. The blooms are fertile in pollen. One berry grower who had one half an acre of them received $400,000 for the crop. It is not a pet variety, but a rough-and-ready berry that will please the average farmer. Season late.

RED BIRD.—An early variety from Miss. The plants were in great demand last season and I could not fill one-fourth of the orders I received. This season I have a large supply of them, and think I can fill all orders. The introducers claim it is far ahead of all early varieties. The plants are light green, vigorous and healthy. Fruit of good size, bright glossy red, firm, of good quality and very productive.

MICHEL'S EARLY.—Extra early. The healthy plants make a rampant growth, set many crowns and develop an abundance of choice fruit. Berries are of a scarlet color, possess a rich, mild, acid flavor and are very firm and solidly meaty. An old and very popular variety.

GLEN MARY.—Medium. Strong, upright-growing plants, with large, dark green foliage. In rich ground, under high cultivation, it produces remarkably good crops. The berries are large deep red; the meat is firm, juicy and of unusually good flavor. Ideal for canning and preserving. Best shipping sort.

JESSIE.—This is a fancy variety that makes a great showing where the soil suits it. There are more places, however where it will not suit than where it will. For several years I ceased to grow this variety, but quite a number of our customers kept inquiring for it, and for that reason I have put it in stock again. Where the soil conditions are favorable, to the Jessie it is an exceptionally fancy berry for either home use or for market.

WARFIELD.—A well known standard variety, very productive, mid-season, and especially popular in the West. Fruit good quality and highly colored. It is a persistent plant maker and if not kept thinned out they will mat so thick that it will be impossible for them to bear fruit of a desirable size, but if kept thinned it is very productive of medium size, highly flavored fruit.

COOPER.—"It is a seedling of the Pan-American. It is not a Fal' bearing variety. The plants stand about one foot high at fruiting time and grows very erect so that the fruit can be easily seen by pushing the foliage one side. Fruit stems are about six to eight inches long. It makes plants freely and if set five feet apart in the row in the spring, will make a fine hedge row by turning the runners in line. It does best to have the row not over 6 inches wide, making it easy to cultivate and keep the weeds down. It is a staminate; season medium to late. It yielded at the rate of 8,000 quarts to the acre of plants set in April.

Some reasons why you should try them: First, it is good size; Second, it is perfect shape; Third, the color is red clear through; Fourth, it is one of the best shippers I ever saw; Fifth, it is one of the best flavored berries I ever tasted; Sixth, it is one of the best canning berries I ever saw; Seventh, all in all it is one of the best berries I ever saw.
GANDY.—Too well known to need any extended description. This is the standard late variety all over the country, and probably no higher compliment could be paid the variety than the fact that all other late varieties are compared by it. It should be planted in black swamp land, if possible, otherwise in clay land or medium land of a springy nature, never on dry, sandy land. While it will bear a very good crop on soil that is described above, it does not thrive on light, sandy soil. I have an excellent crop of very fine plants this season and think I can please the most exacting and shall be pleased to have your order.

LADY THOMSON.—This is a great Southern* berry and is grown by the thousand acres in the great strawberry sections of North Carolina, where fully nine-tenths of the acreage is Lady Thomson and so far they have found nothing that will quite equal it. It makes strong, healthy plants that produce large crops of medium large, firm berries. This variety is especially adapted to the South, but is grown to some extent in other sections. It is a reliable variety for California, Bermuda Islands, Cuba, and other tropical and semi tropical sections.

SENATOR DUNLAP.—Late. The plants are strong, healthy growers, with bright green, upright foliage. The berries are large, of handsome, dark red color, uniform in size and shape, which is conical. The meat is red through, firm, juicy, and of fine texture. The flavor is very delicate. The popularity of this excellent sort increases steadily, owing to the extraordinary records which it has to its credit.
CARDINAL.—After growing this variety another season my observation confirms my previous good opinion of the Cardinal. It is very vigorous and productive and exceptionally firm and handsome. It is strictly a business berry; the quality is not fine, but it looks so well, yields so well, and sells so well and so easy grown, it is one of the most profitable varieties to grow. The berries average large and are bluntly conical with a bright green cap that holds up remarkably after shipping. It possesses the solidity of the old Wilson, united with the vigor of plant, prolific yield and brightness of color of the famous Crescent, while the berries are larger, much larger than either of them. Season from medium to quite late. One grower remarked that it gets right down to business at once and keeps at it all the time. A New York customer says; 'The Cardinal is a valuable berry here, good color and productive. The plants are hardy and vigorous, and I like it.' Another customer in Ohio writes; 'Good in plant growth and of wonderful yield Altogether we consider this a very valuable berry.'

AROMA.—A late variety, which seems to have its greatest popularity in the Middle West. It is very firm and solid, making it an excellent shipper. As compares with the Gandy, it is about the same season, about the same size, and about the same in productiveness. Quality is good.

NEW YORK.—This variety is fast becoming a favorite. It is a cross of Bubach and Jessie. New York is a fancy berry for fancy trade. Very large, bright red. Strong foliage and a heavy fruiter.

PRESIDENT.—A very late variety, berries are very large bright scarlet color and grows in clusters, I have had 15 of them to fill a quart box. It requires a heavy clay loam for best results.

BISMARCK.—A strong grower and very productive variety, and very much resembles the Bubach in habit of growth. It has perfect blossom, especially recommended to plant with the Bubach. As this variety is well known, it is hardly necessary to give an extensive description.

SAMPLE.—Late. Of large size and yields enormous quantities of berries of excellent quality. The fruits retain their large size until the end of the season. They are of bright red color, very firm and of rich flavor. A standard shipping variety; also fine for family use. Many excellent qualities are combined in this remarkable sort.

NICK OHMER.—Medium to late. A most popular sort, with berries of beautiful carmine color. They are large, very firm and of unusually delicious flavor. Long fruit stems make picking of this variety very easy. A fine shipper and suitable for fancy trade. A leading variety with many large growers.

OAK'S EARLY.—Extra early. Originated in Somerset county, Maryland. It is an exceedingly strong grower, very productive, and does well in most any soil. The berries are of beautiful appearance and excellent quality.

UNCLE JIM.—Makes a strong healthy growth of large foliage similar to New York. It is said to be a chance seedling found near an old fruiting patch by Mr. Jim Dorman in Michigan some six or seven years ago, 15 to 25, if grown under favorable conditions, will usually fill a quart. This is an excellent berry for growers who want a fancy, large berry for home use or nearby market. I would hardly advise it for shipping purposes.

LADY GARRISON.—This is a midseason variety of the Tennessee and Dunlap type. A heavy cropper of fair size, nice shaped berries, is quite solid and can be depended on to give a good crop of fine berries. Foliage is bright and healthy and makes a heavy growth under ordinary cultivation where some other varieties fail
PARSONS BEAUTY.—A berry that has probably given the growers more money than any one variety on the list during the last five years. It is as productive as Tennessee Prolific, begins to ripen with Tennessee and extends its season into Gandy. Is firm, about the same shape as Tennessee, dark brilliant in color; flesh dark red. It was originated in Maryland in a noted strawberry section. It has been extensively planted and is in greater demand than ever. The plant in growth resembles Bubach and will make twice as many plants to the acre. Is a strong, perfect bloomer and a desirable variety to plant with varieties like Bubach.

TENNESSEE PROLIFIC.—A grand berry. One of the best market sorts. Good shipper, succeeds almost everywhere. Vigorous plant and exceedingly productive of large, bright showy fruit, perfect blossom and free from rust. Is one of the best varieties to plant with imperfect varieties. Don’t fail to include some Tennessee in your order. Season medium to late.

GOLDEN GATE.—This variety was produced by Mr. S. H. Warren, of Massachusetts, who is one of the oldest and most experienced growers in New England. He is a good judge of strawberries, and was largely instrumental in bringing the Marshall before the public. The Golden Gate is a strong grower with the numerous plants and luxuriant foliage. It has a strong, staminate blossom with lots of pollen, which produces strictly fancy, large fruit, clear to the end of the season. It has a rich crimson color with no green tips: it blossoms early and late, making it a good pollenizer for pistillate varieties. It was awarded first prize at the Massachusetts Horticultural Society in 1904, and was highly praised by all who saw it. The judges pronounced the quality much like Marshall. In June 1906, this variety won $23.00 in prizes on seven quarts before the same Society, and Mr. Warren sold over $75.00 worth of plants in five minutes after the premium cards had been placed on the baskets. In one instance seven berries filled a quart, and lots of them had only ten in a quart. Season early to late. It is a good plant and one that I predict to give general satisfaction.
JIM DUMAS. — I received my plants of this last spring from the introducer, but it was so late in the season that a great many of them died but the ones that lived made a good growth, and are very large. The introducer says;—it combines the blood of Barton's Eclipse, Gandy and Excelsior. The plants have strong, healthy foliage, and very stiff long roots, it is a good plant maker and has never shown any sign of rust or disease. The berries are very large and perfect, running from 16 to 24 to the box the first week or two and then dropping to 30 and 40. The berries ripen nearly as early as Excelsior and will average twice as large. Unlike most large kinds it is a great yielder and holds out during a long season. The flesh is red all the way through and of good flavor. I consider it the best early berry ever introduced.

BRANDYWINE.—A variety that thrives on almost any soil. In season it is medium late. The berries are large, broad and heart-shaped, of medium red color, with bright yellow seeds and firm flesh, which is red through and through. These points, combined with large size, productiveness and firmness of texture, make the Brandywine a very valuable strawberry, especially as it has a peculiarly rich, spicy flavor that charms all who taste it. This variety gives general satisfaction throughout the country. It originated in Pennsylvania, does well all through the North and Middle States, as well as being a standard and safe berry to plant in California, Florida, the Bermudas and other tropical and semi-tropical countries.

EXCELSIOR.—There is not a strawberry earlier than the Excelsior, under good culture. The berries are medium to medium large in size and very productive, and one of the best shipping berries Taking the whole country over this has been a very popular standard sort for quite a number of years, and is probably as largely grown now for market as any of the extra early varieties. After giving it half a chance it will take care of itself and bring splendid returns. It is too sour to suit the taste of the average person, and has, therefore, never become popular for the home garden.

CRESCENT.—This old variety has held its own longer than any other variety that has been introduced for 25 years. About 20 years ago it was more largely planted than any other variety, It still retains its strong, vigorous habits and is very productive of medium size berries. It is not largely grown in the East at present, but is still quite popular in some sections of the West, where it produces great crops of fine berries, and those who have never grown it have missed one of the best medium to late varieties.

GOOD LUCK.—A new variety of recent introduction. This berry as compared with the Gandy is equally as large, more productive, and even two or three days earlier. In shape it is conical to broad conical or wedge-shape, with uniformly smooth, even surface. never seamed or ridged; color dark, glossy cardinal, making it very showy both on the vines and in the package after being gathered. It ripens all over at once without any green tips.
CLYDE. — Medium. An exceedingly prolific variety, which does particularly well in dry sunny locations. The berries are produced so abundantly that they nearly cover the ground around the plants, which are unable to provide enough foliage to protect the berries. The fruit is of large size, regular shape, with meat of rich pink color and delicate flavor. Excellent sort for canners or shipment to distant markets.

WILLIAM BELT.—There are few lovers of strawberries that would not cross a plot and pick out the William Belt as the best. It is a standard for quality the country over. This variety is somewhat subject to rust and for this reason for a time was not popular, but its superior quality and large size has made many friends for it, especially among the amateur growers who have an appreciative fancy market, or for the home table. I know of nothing that will approach it in quality of its season except Chesapeake. The demand for this variety has been much greater for the last few years, and we frequently dispose of every plant that we have. Mr. G. M. Myers, of Garfield Co., Wash., says; the Chesapeake and William Belt for flavor and good eating are dandies; good bearers and large berries. I am going to run all my patch in these two kinds. They stood the drought best and are in good shape now.''

CLIMAX.—A rather early, large, bright red, productive berry, being now largely planted, and proving successful over a wide range of territory. The plants are of beautiful light green color, that can be distinguished at a distance from other varieties; the plants are very strong and vigorous with no sign of rust. Few varieties have a better record for productiveness, Has done well in New York, and as far west as Utah. Ripens very few days after Mitchell’s E. and Excelsior.

CHIPMAN.—Originated in Southern Delaware by a grower of 30 years experience. The plants are strong, upright in growth, large and healthy, bright glossy foliage with no signs of rust or disease; fruit large, with large green caps of even size and shape, beginning to ripen 4 or 5 days before Bubach. Color dark red, bright and glossy; it is very firm, so a good shipper, is of good quality, retains its color a long time after picking; succeeds on both light and heavy soils. A grower near Milford, Del., realized over $500 from 1¼ acres the past two seasons.

SUPERIOR.—Perfect. Has become quite popular, the plants are strong, healthy, growers, with dark glossy green foliage; succeeds on any soil, but particularly on a moist rich one. Makes a heavy bed, and sets an immense load of fruit, medium to large in size; bright glossy red, firm and a good keeper, ripens about a week after Excelsior. A reliable variety.

EARLY HATHAWAY.—I have fruited this variety for several seasons and find it to be a good early variety. Fruit is very large, bright glossy red and of a good quality, season early to midseason. A seedling of the old Wilson crossed with the Hoffman.

LOVETT’S EARLY.—Very vigorous and productive; berries medium to large, firm, subacid, somewhat of the old Wilson type. A valuable, all-around market berry. It is a strong bloomer and superb for planting with imperfect flowering varieties.
KLONDYKE.—Deserves its name for it has proved a gold mine for those who have grown it. Of beautiful uniform shape, rich red color which extends through the berry, its fine appearance wins for it an assured popularity in every market. It has a mild delicious flavor unlike any other variety. Its foliage is light green, tall with medium leaves, a heavy yielder of medium to large fruits that are firm, that bring a good price. One of the best early berries that is being largely planted.

NETTIE.—A very large late, acid berry, season with Gandy, strong power and abundantly productive. Will do well on any well enriched soil and brings highest prices. A gentleman in Massachusetts who bought plants of me wrote he sold his entire crop for 25c per quart. Plants very large, healthy and vigorous, and the fruit will fill the baskets.

SUCCESS.—One of the first to ripen. Berries large, globular, very bright red, superior, mild sweet flavor. Plants strong, healthy, vigorous and very productive. A No. 1 variety that I am sure will please the consumer and commercial grower.

KANSAS.—A good late midseason variety. The plants must not be set too close as it is a great plant maker. The fruit is a very dark red, very productive, does not make very much foliage.

TEXAS.—One of the leading early varieties, it will stand more frost and cold weather than most of the early varieties, comes in two or three days after the Michael’s Early, free from rust or disease of any kind.

HAVERLAND.—One of the most productive varieties in cultivation. Medium season; size medium to large, bright red, rather long and pointed, very tempting in appearance, very hardy, and one of the best that can be planted. Should be well pollinized with some good staminate sort.
ROADSIDE.—A fine new berry of large size, bright red in color, a good keeper. It resembles the St. Louis but is not quite so large. Foliage dark green; plants large and healthy, free from rust; season medium. Last summer it yielded three times as many berries to the acre as Klondyke on the same kind of ground. Don't fail to include some Roadside in your order. It does best on low springy land.

FAIRFIELD.—This is one of the most promising new berries that has been set out for several years. It is remarkably productive, medium to large in size, firm enough for a commercial variety, quite early and good quality. In season it is only two or three days behind Mitchell, and is far ahead in size and quality. At the Ohio Experiment Station, where it was put in competition with over one hundred and sixty other varieties, it was the most productive of all the early kinds.

ST. LOUIS.—Originated in Arkansas, strong healthy plants, fairly productive of large to very large berries in a season three or four days later than the very earliest and will average twice as large; even in size; they ripen their crop at once; more productive than the first earlies and more quarts at a picking; twelve berries of this variety have filled a quart basket; berries have long stems; season about the same as Climax. I really consider this an excellent variety.

STEVEN'S LATE CHAMPION.—One of the most productive varieties on the list, a splendid shipper and noble market berry; resembles Gandy in season, size flavor and color. It is a rank, upright grower and seems to thrive everywhere; deep rooted, a great plant maker, foliage large, and this with its late blooming keeps it from danger by late frost. I have fruited this variety and find it about all it is represented, and commend it to all planters heartily.
VIRGINIA

VIRGINIA.—This originated in Accomac County, Va., and is a cross of the Hoffman and Sharpless. It is said to have a record of 12,000 quarts per acre there. The plants are very fine growers, dark green and great plant makers. The fruit is quite large for an early variety, dark glossy red, firm and one of the most productive early varieties I fruited last season.

SARATOGA, PER.—This berry was originated by William Palmer, of Saratoga County, N. Y. I quote the originator as follows: “I exhibited the Saratoga at the New York State Fair in September 1906, one plant set in May 1906, with ordinary field culture, that had 25 good plants and several small ones. A portion of three acres was of this variety, cared for the same as the balance of the field; at one picking at the height of the season yielded at the rate of 5,000 quarts to the acre, maturing the last of the crop with the Gaydy, I have been testing it on different soils for three years, with equally as good results. It has a perfect blossom, and is a cross between the Glen Mary and Sample, two of the leading all-round berries. It has a deep red color; it is a good shipper. Season, medium to late.”

ABINGTON.—This variety I have grown for several years and do not think I can find a single fault with it. It is very productive and is of a bright color, with firm flesh and of good quality. I think it will be one of the leading berries before long. Plants are very large and free from disease.

JOE.—Introduced from New Jersey. Plant very large, strong and healthy. A good grower and very productive, very large, firm, dark red berries that are certainly beautiful; have a very large cap and stand up equal to any. I have had this variety a number of years in fruit and it has always given satisfaction. It needs to be planted on very rich soil and well cultivated and I am sure it will please.
# Price List of Strawberry Plants.

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Varieties marked (P) have pistillate blossoms and to fruit them must be planted near some variety with perfect blossoms; (those not marked (P) ) every fourth row will do. My plants are all dug from beds.

I will sell six of of kind at dozen rates; 50 at 100 rates; 500 at 1000 rates.

Complete Cultural directions sent free with each order if requested.

**Number of Plants Required to Set An Acre of Ground at a Given Distance,**

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<tr>
<th>Distance (in)</th>
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Cabbage Plants.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.—This is no doubt the best first early cabbage in cultivation, it forms fine solid heads of good size, conical in shape with very few outside leaves. The quality is of the best. We offer this as the earliest strain of standard variety. Price winter hardened plants ready March 15th, 35c per 100, $2.50 per 1000.

ALL SEASONS OR VANDERGAW.—As early as Drumhead Cabbage, yielding heads of the largest size. Very desirable for early Spring, Summer or Fall use. 15c per 100, $1.00 per 1000. Plants ready May 15th.

PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH.—This is a standard late variety that has been a favorite for many years, it is a superior cabbage for late use, possessing all the good qualities of the Flat Dutch and is a sure header with good cultivation on moist, rich ground. Ninety five in one hundred will head up hard. Plants ready July 1. Price 15c per 100, $1.00 per 1000.

SUREHEAD.—This is a first class main crop variety. Very uniform in size and color, strong vigorous grower for late use. Surehead is the proper name as it never fails to make a remarkably fine, solid, large, round head. A very popular variety. Plants ready July 1st. 15c per 100, $1.00 per 1000.

If Cabbage Plants are to go by mail add 20c per 100 for postage.

Tomato Plants.

STONE AND PARAGON.—Two of the best varieties for canning purposes. Plants ready June 1. $1.25 per 1000, $5.50 per 5000, $10.00 per 10000.

Cabbage Seed.

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD.—Pkt. 5c, oz. 25c, ¼ lb. 60c, lb. $1.75.

ALL SEASONS PREMIUM FLAT DUTCH OR SUREHEAD.—Pkt 5c, oz. 20c, ¼ lb. 50c, lb. $1.50, postpaid.

Tomato Seed.

STONE OR PARAGON.—Pkt, 5c, oz 20c, ¼ lb 50c, lb $1.50, postpaid.

Star Vegetable Seed Collection.

Comprising twelve liberal packages of choice vegetable seeds. Price 35 cents postpaid or your choice of any six packages for 20c postpaid.

Beet, Crosbys Egyptian, a superior strain.
Cabbage, Premium Flat Dutch, unexcelled.
Cucumber, Extra Early White Spine, the best.
Lettuce, Wonderful, extra fine
Muskmelon, Jenny Lind, excellent.
Onion, Prizetaker, keeps keeper,
Radish, superior quality.
Tomato Stone or Paragon.
Carrot, large fine quality
Parsnip Hollow Crown, one of the best.
Parsley, curled, unsurpassed.
Egg Plant, Large Purple, very prolific.

The above varieties composing the collection embraces many of the best varieties in cultivation. Not an inferior one among them. All strictly fresh tested seed.
Buckeye Incubators—The Best Made

50 egg size, Model C.................................................. $5.00
50 egg size, Model B.................................................. 6.00
100 egg size, Model B............................................... $10.00
200 egg size, Model B............................................... 16.50

Our Guarantee on Forty Days’ Trial

Should this Incubator not meet your entire approval as to material, workmanship, finish, regulation, ease and economy of operation, hatching quality, or for any other cause, send us bill of lading or other evidence of its return within forty days from the day you receive it, and the money paid to us or deposited with the bank for said machine will be promptly refunded.

*All ready to use, with complete instructions for operating. GUARANTEED ON FORTY DAYS’ TRIAL. The above Guarantee accompanies each Incubator:—

Buckeye Brooders

No. 0—Indoor Brooder—Capacity 50 to 75 chicks; dimensions, including lamp and excluding platform, 24x30 inches; platform 20 inches wide; weight, crated for shipment, 40 pounds. Equipment (lamp, burner, chimney, wick, platform and yard, and operating instruction), complete, ready for use. Price $4.00.

No. 1—Indoor Brooder—Capacity 100 to 150 chicks; 1,680 square inches of floor space. Price, complete, $10.00; with four-foot yard and wire cover, $12.50; with four-foot yard and wood cover, $13.00.

No. 0—Outdoor Brooder—999 square inches of floor space; capacity 50 to 75 chicks Price, complete, $6.00; with four-foot yard and wire cover, $7.75; with four-foot yard and wood cover, $8.25.
The Deming Field Sprayer

For spraying potatoes, strawberry beds, small nursery stock and cotton fields, four rows at a time, this is a very convenient device, as it is easily and quickly attached to any wagon.

The nozzle holders can be adjusted to rows of any width from 28 to 44 inches and for forward or backward spraying. They may be raised or lowered, and the holders can be brought together so the wagon can pass through any gate. Any barrel pump having \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch discharge hose connection can be attached to this sprayer. The shipping weight is about 50 pounds.

**PRICE LIST**

The Deming Field Sprayer, complete, with four "Bordeaux" nozzles and two sections of \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch wire wrapped hose, and two sections of \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch hose, connecting to coupling for attaching to discharge hose of any barrel pump—without barrel pump (Cipher, Katydid)----------------------- $10.00

Section of \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch hose, with couplings for attaching field sprayer to any orchard spray pump (Cipher, Kantry)----------------------- 1.00

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The Simplex Pump

The Simplex is an easy-working, high-pressure, medium-price pump that is very popular among fruit growers. A mechanical agitator keeps the liquid thoroughly stirred up. All working parts of the pump that come in contact with spraying liquid are of brass, while a special indestructible packing is used on the plunger. Pump is 56 inches high, and has a 2 3/4-inch cylinder and a 4 1/2-inch stroke. Shipping weight, pump only, crated, about 60 pounds.

**PRICES**

Simplex barrel sprayer, pump only, with \( \frac{3}{4} \) connection, as illustrated (Cipher, Kidney)----------------------- $7.25

Outfit "A," pump as above, with one 12 1/2-foot section of \( \frac{3}{4} \)-inch hose, Demonel nozzle and pole holders (Cipher, Kilted)----------------------- 9.75

Outfit "B," same as outfit "A," but with two sections of hose, etc. (Cipher, Kimbo)----------------------- 12.25

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How Two Boys Made Money
The Perfect Success is excellent for whitewashing and disinfecting stables and poultry houses; also for washing windows and buggies, for putting out fires, and for various other uses in addition to the regular work of spraying. In general construction it is the same as the Success, except that it has a special adjustable foot rest which clamps bucket and pump firmly together, holding the bail upright against the pump, so that the entire outfit may be carried in one hand.

Four feet of ⅜-inch hose and our Bordeaux nozzle are furnished. It is packed in neat strawboard boxes. The shipping weight, crated, about 12 lbs.

**PRICE** — Perfect Success Pump  
(Cipher, Kelter)  $4.15

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The Success is a very effective pump for general use in the garden, greenhouse and small orchard. The brass air chamber insures a steady stream and enables the operator to pump very slowly, at the same time securing a very forcible spray. With the exception of the malleable iron foot rest, 15 inches high, and the handle, the pump is made entirely of first quality brass, upon which spraying liquids have no perceptible effect.

The Success is regularly fitted with our "Bordeaux" nozzle and three feet of ⅜-inch hose. It is put up in a strawboard box, and when crated, ready for shipment, will weigh about 10 pounds.

**PRICE** — Success Pump, as illustrated and described $3.75

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The frame of this outfit is largely wrought-iron pipe, and the twenty-four-gallon tank is hard wood, well hooped. The wrought-iron wheels are 24 inches in diameter, with a tire width of 1¼ inches. The extreme distance from hub to hub is 33 inches, and 30 inches from the ground to top of tank. No axle is used, the wheels being attached to the tank by trunions.

The pump itself has 1½-inch brass cylinder and 4-inch stroke, and is furnished with 4 feet of hose and Bordeaux nozzle. Shipping weight of the accompanying sprayer, complete, crated, is about 115 pounds.

**PRICE** — Gardeners' Choice, outfit complete, as illustrated (Cipher, Kidder) $12.00
The Century is the best all-around barrel sprayer on the market. The pump is only 44 inches high, having the large air chamber principally within the barrel, so no projecting parts can catch in the branches of trees, etc. The cylinder is submerged in the liquid and is constantly primed.

Made in two sizes—No. 1, 1½-inch cylinder, and No. 2, 2½-inch cylinder. Pump has 4½-inch stroke; all working parts are brass.

Shipping weight, pump only, boxed, about 75 pounds.

PRICES

The sprayer only, without discharge hose, but with Y connection.

No. 1 (Cipher, Knurled) $8.50
No. 2 (Cipher, Kinate) 10.00

Outfit "A," as above, with addition of one 12½-foot section of ⅛-inch hose, Demorel nozzle and pole holder.

No. 1 (Cipher, Knurled) $11.00
No. 2 (Cipher, Kernish) 12.50

Outfit "B," as above, but with two 12½-foot sections of ⅛-inch hose, Demorel nozzles and pole holder.

No. 1 (Cipher, Knurly) $13.50
No. 2 (Cipher, Knightly) 15.00

The Kant Klog Sprayer

The Kant Klog sprays fruit trees, potatoes, vegetables, tobacco and cotton; also for wagons, windows, henhouses, fires, disinfecting, etc. The sprayer holds between 4 and 5 gallons, and can be carried either by carrier strap or air pump handle. A few seconds' working of the air pump thoroughly agitates the solution and charges the sprayer with compressed air. This, being a very powerful and elastic force, will, as soon as the thumb presses the "shut-off," force out the liquid in the form of either a spray or a solid continuous stream, as desired.

After sprayer is charged, you need not stop for anything. Just walk along from one row to another; the machine will supply sufficient spray to enable you to do the work as fast as you can walk. The great saving in time, labor and solution even on small sprayings will more than pay for this splendid machine the first month it is used, to say nothing of the big increase in crops as a result of spraying properly.

PRICES

- With galvanized steel body $5.00
- With polished brass body 6.50

JUNIOR No. 5 SPRAYER—This pump requires no fastening of any kind; holds itself down, and anywhere and everywhere all the operator need do is to press the plunger down. It rises itself, the upward stroke being made by a brass spring forcing the cylinder apart. The all-brass suction working within a brass cylinder with all-brass valves does away entirely with all leather, rubber or other packing. It is practically impossible for any part to get out of order. Everything except handle and hose is solid brass, threaded and screwed together.

Is the easiest working and will do more different kinds of work than any pump ever made. Will pump from a pail, barrel, tank, spring or creek. Without fastenings of any kind, it stands firmly wherever placed. Weighs only 4 pounds and is ready for instant use everywhere.

Farmers with an ordinary amount of spraying, put a barrel on their wagon, set this pump in and spray their trees as effectively as their neighbor who uses an outfit weighing and costing five times as much. Will throw three sizes of solid continuous streams and two sizes of fine round spray. Has automatic mixer to keep solution stirred, pleases everybody and will last a lifetime.

Price Only $3.25
Important Announcement.

ORDERS should be sent in just as soon as possible after receiving this catalogue. It is better for you as well as the nurserymen.

TIME OF SHIPMENT.—From the time you receive this catalogue to May 30th. By far the larger part of our shipments are made during March and April. Bermuda, Cuba, Florida, California and other similarly located sections are supplied anytime during the fall and winter.

GUARANTEE.—I guarantee plants ordered by mail or express to reach customers in good condition when promptly taken from the express office and opened at once.

CLAIMS if any must be made on receipt of goods. I cannot become responsible for stock that is allowed to lay around your station or express office, for neglect of purchaser or his employees to care for stock after it has been received, or for misfortunes perpetrated by drought, floods, frosts, insects, etc. These things are entirely beyond my control. It would seem unnecessary to mention the above but there seems to be an occasional "freak" who orders plants who thinks that I should become responsible for their own mismanagement, for all unfavorable conditions of the weather and for all the insects they happen to be harboring on their premises. I wish to say, however, that when there is a just claim promptly reported, I always try to make it right with the customer.

AT PURCHASER'S RISK. Plants shipped by freight will be at purchaser's risk, and all small fruit plants shipped after May 1st will be packed and shipped in the best condition possible but always at purchaser's risk.

PACKING.—I make no charge for boxing or packing at rates quoted in this catalogue. Everything is delivered f. o. b. trains at rates named. We do not charge one price for the plants and then extortion on our customers by charging them a big price on old boxes and barrels. In buying plants I have had very satisfactory prices quoted, and when the bill came there was quite a nice little profit charged up for packing, boxes, etc. When we go to our grocer and buy a barrel of flour for $5.00 we do not expect to pay an additional 25 cents for the barrel, and if we buy two pounds of sugar for 10 cents, we do not expect to pay 2 cents more for wrapping it up, and if such charges were made we would not go back to that grocer. The principle is the same when we are charged for the package in which our plants are packed. Our price includes the packing and the package.

TRUE TO NAME.—While I use every precaution to have all plants, seeds, etc., true to name (and I believe we come as near doing this as anyone in the business) I will not be responsible for any sum greater than the cost of the stock should any prove otherwise than as represented.

PAYMENT.—Invariably cash in advance. It is my desire that all customers should have the very best of success and strange as it may seem plants that are not paid for seldom do well.

REMIT by Post Office or Express Money Order, Registered Letter or Bank Draft. U. S. Postage Stamps will be accepted for the fractional part of a dollar.

Certificate of Inspection.

To Whom it may Concern:—Dover, Delaware, August 13, 1909.

This certifies that I have this day examined the nursery stock and premises of the Nurseries of Basil Perry at Coolspring, Sussex County, Delaware, and that said nursery stock is apparently free from crown gall, peach yellows; peach rosette, the San Jose scale, and all other plant diseases and insects of a seriously dangerous nature.

This certificate may be revoked by the State Board of Agriculture for cause, and it is invalid after August 31, 1910, and does not include nursery stock not grown on the above named premises unless such stock is covered by certificate of a state or government officer and accepted by the State Board of Agriculture.

WESLEY WEBB, Inspector.
August 15, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The cabbage plants I ordered of you came in perfect condition and they are doing nicely.

J. H. Beadle, N. Y.

February 1, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The strawberry plants I ordered of you came alright and I am well pleased with them.

Thomas Coulston, Pa.

June 21, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—I got the strawberry plants all in fine shape and they are all growing nicely and doing well. If I set out any next spring I will give you another order.

Yours truly,

C. E. Fry, Ohio

May 11, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—I received the strawberry plants all O. K. and was very much pleased with them.

Very truly yours,

B. L. Miller, N. Y.

May 13, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The strawberry plants I received of you are doing well. Every plant alive. I enclose you another order.

Very truly,

J. F. Cooper, Indiana

July 26, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The cabbage plants you shipped us arrived promptly and in fine condition; are all set out and growing. We are well pleased with them. Thanks for your prompt shipment.

J. B. Hostedler, W. Va.

October 5, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The strawberry plants I ordered of you arrived on time and in excellent condition. They are the finest I ever saw and if they don't produce results it will not be your fault. Very Respectfully,

F. J. Thomer, Pa.

November 1, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The 2000 strawberry plants we ordered of you came alright and we are well pleased with them.

Verry truly

H. E. Chambliss, Georgia

October 1, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The strawberry plants I ordered of you arrived in fine shape.

Yours truly,

C. J. Babbitt, Arizona

April 24th, in good shape.

Yours truly,

Joseph Petley, Ohio

May 1, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—I received the strawberry plants all O. K. They were fine. Am well pleased with them.

Yours truly,

N. L. Reed, Michigan

May 1, 1909.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—I received my strawberry plants O. K., and was pleased with them.

Yours truly,

Heber M. Evans, Pa.

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—The 1,000 strawberry plants I ordered arrived in good shape. The plants were fine and I am well satisfied. I have set them out and they are doing fine. Thanking you for the prompt attention my order received, I remain,

Respectfully yours,

Fred Hallet, Indiana

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—We received the 15,000 strawberry plants this morning. They were fine and in excellent condition. They were just as fresh as if just dug

Very truly,

L. Templin Seed Co., Ohio

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—I received the strawberry plants in good condition and they are making a fine start since setting them out. I am well satisfied with them.

Yours for success,

W. C. McMillan, Illinois

Mr. Basil Perry;

Dear Sir:—I set two acres in strawberry plants purchased from you March 20th and they lived almost to a plant. For example nineteen plants replanted three thousand Gandys. “The finest patch I ever saw” is the usual comment made by everyone who sees my strawberry bed.

Wishing you success, I am yours respectfully.

Thomas C. Wilson, Delaware